

Exponential Functions

Determine whether each table or rule represents a
1) linear or an exponential function.

x	1	2	3	4
y	3	9	27	81

$\underbrace{\quad \times 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 3}$

exponential

2)

x	1	2	3	4
y	3	9	15	21

$\underbrace{\quad + 6}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 6}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 6}$

Linear.

3)

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	2	4	8	16	32	64

$\underbrace{\quad \times 2}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 2}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 2}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 2}$ $\underbrace{\quad \times 2}$

exponential

4)

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	1	4	7	10	13	16

$\underbrace{\quad + 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 3}$ $\underbrace{\quad + 3}$

Linear.
 $y = mx + b$

5) $y = 5 \cdot 2^x$

exponential

$y = ab^x$

6) $y = 6 \cdot x^3$

neither

7) $y = 3x - 8$

$y = mx + b$

linear

8) $y = 4 \cdot 0.3^x$

$y = ab^x$

exponential.

9) $y = 3 \cdot 2^x$

exponential
function

10) $y = 4 \cdot 0.2^x$ $y = ab^x$

exponential

function

$$11) y = 5x - 8$$

Linear function.

$$y = mx + b$$

$$12) y = 5 \cdot 1.7^x$$

$$y = a \cdot b^x$$

exponential function.

Evaluate each function for the given value.

$$13) f(x) = 5^x \text{ for } x = 4$$

$$f(x) = 5^4$$

$$f(x) = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$$

$$f(x) = 25 \cdot 25$$

$$f(x) = 625$$

$$14) h(t) = 3 \cdot 4^t \text{ for } t = -3$$

$$h(t) = 3 \cdot 4^{-3}$$

$$h(t) = \frac{3}{64}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot}{4^3}$$
$$\frac{3}{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4}$$

$$\frac{3}{64}$$

$$15) y = 8 \cdot 0.7^x \text{ for } x = 3$$

$$y = 8 \cdot 0.7^3$$

$$y = 2.744$$

$$16) y = 4^x \text{ for } x = 3$$

$$y = 4^3$$

$$y = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$$

$$y = 64$$

$$17) f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^x \text{ for } x = 5$$

$$f(x) = 2 \cdot 3^5$$

$$f(x) = 486$$

$$18) h(t) = 60 \cdot 1.07^t \text{ for } t = 8$$

$$h(t) = 60 \cdot 1.07^8$$

$$h(t) = 103.091$$

19) $y = 5.7^x$ for $x = 0$ ~~200~~)

$$y = 5.7^0$$

$$y = 5.1$$

$$y = 5$$

Graph each exponential function. Identify the domain, range, y -intercept, and a asymptote of each function.

20) $f(x) = 3^x$

domain: All real numbers.

Range: $y > 0$

y -intercept: 1

asymptote: 0

21) $y = 0.25^x$

domain: All real numbers.

Range: $y > 0$

y -intercept: 1

asymptote: 0

22) $y = 8 \cdot 1.2^x$

domain: All real numbers

Range: $y > 0$

y -intercept: 8

asymptote: 0

23) What is the

solution or solutions

of $3^x = 5^x$?

$$\begin{array}{r} 3^x = 5^x \\ -5^x \quad -5^x \\ \hline 3^x - 5^x = 0 \end{array}$$

$$3^x - 5^x = 0$$

$$x \approx 0.269 \quad x \approx 2.17$$

24) A population of amoebas in a petri dish will triple in size every 20 minutes. At the start of an experiment the population is 800. The function $y = 800 \cdot 3^x$, where x is the number of 20 minute periods, models the population growth. How many amoebas are in the petri dish after 3 hours?

$$y = 800 \cdot 3^x$$

$$y = 800 \cdot 3^9$$

$$y = 15,746,400$$

$$\frac{60}{20} = 3 \quad 3 \times 3 = 9$$

$$\frac{60}{20} = 3$$

$$\frac{60}{2} = 3 \quad \underline{\quad 9 \quad}$$

25) A new car costs \$15,000 to build in 2010.

The company's financial analysts expect cost to rise by 6% per year for the 10 years they are planning to build the car. The cost to build the car can be modeled by the function

$f(t) = 15,000(1.06)^t$, where t is the number of years after 2010. How much will it cost the company to build the car in 2017?

$$f(t) = 15000(1.06)^7$$

$$f(t) = \underline{22,554.50}$$

Evaluate each function over the domain $\{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3\}$

As the values of the domain increase, do the values of the range increase or decrease?

26) $f(x) = 3^x$

$0.11, 0.33, 1, 3, 9, 27$ Range increases.

27) $g = 4.2^x$

$0.0566, 0.2380, 1, 4.2, 17.64, 74.088$ Range increases.

28) $m(x) = 0.3^x$

$11.11, 3.33, 1, 0.3, 0.09, 0.027$ Range: decreases.

29) $g(t) = 4 \cdot 3^t$

$0.44, 1.33, 4, 12, 36, 108$ Range increases.

30) $g = 50 \cdot 0.1^x$

$5000, 500, 50, 5, 0.5, 0.05$
Range decreases.

31) $f(x) = 2.4^x$

$0.1736, 0.4166, 1, 2.4, 5.76, 13.82$
Range increases.

which function has a greater value for the given value of x ?

32) $y = 5^x$ or $y = x^5$ for $x = 2$

$$y = 5^2$$

$$y = 25$$

$$y = 2^5$$

$$y = 32$$

$$y = x^5$$

33) $y = 300 \cdot x^3$ or $y = 100 \cdot 3^x$ $x = 4$

$$y = 300 \cdot 4^3$$

$$y = 19,200$$

or $y = 100 \cdot 3^4$

$$y = 8,100$$

$$y = 300x^3$$

Solve each equation.

35) $3^x = 81$

$$x = 4$$

36)

$$5 \cdot 2^x = 40$$

$$x = 3$$

37) $4^x + 4 = 68$

$$x = 3$$

38) $3 \cdot 2^x - 16 = 80$

$$x = 5$$